



PE
Educational Programme – Physical Development

Physical activity is vital in children's all-round development, enabling them to pursue happy, healthy and active lives. Gross and fine motor experiences develop incrementally throughout early childhood, starting with sensory explorations and the development of a child's strength, co-ordination and positional awareness through tummy time, crawling and play movement with both objects and adults. By creating games and providing opportunities for play both indoors and outdoors, adults can support children to develop their core strength, stability, balance, spatial awareness, co-ordination and agility. Gross motor skills provide the foundation for developing healthy bodies and social and emotional well-being. Fine motor control and precision helps with hand-eye co-ordination, which is later linked to early literacy. Repeated and varied opportunities to explore and play with small world activities, puzzles, arts and crafts and the practice of using small tools, with feedback and support from adults, allow children to develop proficiency, control and confidence.

	Before starting reception, children should be able to...	During reception, the children will learn to...	By the end of reception, children should be able to...
Expressive art and design	Respond to what they have heard, expressing their thoughts and feelings.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Listen attentively, move to and talk about music, expressing their feelings and responses • Watch and talk about dance and performance art, expressing their feelings and responses. • Explore and engage in music making and dance, performing solo or in groups. 	Being Imaginative and Expressive Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and – when appropriate try to move in time with music.
Physical Development	<p>Continue to develop their movement, balancing, riding (scooters, trikes and bikes) and ball skills.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Go up steps and stairs, or climb up apparatus, using alternate feet. • Skip, hop, stand on one leg and hold a pose for a game like musical statues. • Use large-muscle movements to wave flags and streamers, paint and make marks. • Start taking part in some group activities, which they make up for themselves, or in teams. • Match their developing physical skills to tasks and activities in the setting. For example, they decide whether to crawl, walk or run across a plank, depending on its length and width. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired: - rolling - crawling - walking - jumping - running - hopping - skipping – climbing • Progress towards a more fluent style of moving, with developing control and grace • Develop the overall body strength, co-ordination, balance and agility needed to engage successfully with future physical education sessions and other physical disciplines including dance, gymnastics, sport and swimming. • Combine different movements with ease and fluency. • Confidently and safely, use a range of large and small apparatus indoors and outside, alone and in a group. • Develop overall body-strength, balance, co-ordination and agility • Further develop and refine a range of ball skills including: throwing, catching, kicking, passing, batting, and aiming. • Develop confidence, competence, precision and accuracy when engaging in activities that involve a ball. 	<p>Gross Motor Skills</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others. • Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing. • Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing.

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Transition from Reception to Y1

Relevant Early Learning Goals	Y1 National Curriculum Objective
<p>Physical Development: Gross Motor Skills</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others.• Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing.• Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing. <p>Expressive Arts and Design: Being Imaginative and Expressive</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and (when appropriate) try to move in time with music.	<p>Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills, becoming increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and cooperative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations.</p> <p>Pupils should be taught to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities.• Participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending.• Perform dances using simple movement patterns.