





Non-Chronological Reports Year 1

Text Structure	Sentence	Useful Vocabulary	Word Classes	Punctuation
Ideas grouped together for	Simple connectives are used to	are	Noun	Use spaces to separate words.
similarity.	construct simple sentences e.g.		What a noun is.	
	and, but, then, so.	is	Regular plural nouns with 'er'	Begin to use full stops.
Attempts at third person				
writing. e.g. The man was run		They are	<u>Verbs</u>	Capital letters for start of
over.			Third person, first person	sentence, names, personal
		The different	singular.	pronouns.
Written in the appropriate			Ending added to verbs where	
tense. e.g. Sparrow's nest		This is a	there is change to root.	
Dinosaurs were			Simple past tense 'ed'	
		There are		
			<u>Adjectives</u>	
		These can be grouped	Add 'er' and 'est' to adjectives	
			where no change is needed to	
			root word.	
			Connectives/conjunctions	
			Join words and sentences	
			using and/then.	
			<u>Tense</u>	
1			Simple past tense 'ed'	



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Year 2

Text Structure	Sentence	Useful Vocabulary	Word Classes	Punctuation
Brief introduction and	Subject/verb sentences e.g.	They like to	Noun	Uses spaces that reflect the
conclusion.	He was They were It		Form nouns using suffixes and	size of the letters.
	happened	They can	compounding.	
Written in the appropriate			Expanded noun phrases for	Use full stops correctly.
tense. e.g. Sparrow's nest	Some modal verbs introduced	It can	description.	
Dinosaurs were	e.g. would, could, should.		Add 'es' to nouns.	Use question marks correctly.
		Like many		
Main ideas organized in groups.	Use simple adverbs e.g.		<u>Verbs</u>	Use exclamation marks
	quickly, slowly.	I am going to	Progressive form of verbs in	correctly.
			the past and present tense.	
	Use simple noun phrases e.g. large tiger	There are two sorts of	Add 'es', 'ed' and 'ing' to verbs.	Use capital letters correctly.
		They live in	Adjectives	Apostrophes for contractions
			Add 'er' and 'est' to adjectives	
		The have but the	where no change is needed to	Possessive apostrophes for
		have	root word.	singular nouns.
			Connectives/conjunctions	Commas to separate items in
			Subordination – when, if, that,	lists.
			because Coordination - or, and,	
			but.	
			Tense	
			Correct and consistent use of	
			past and present tense.	
			<u>Adverbs</u>	
			'ly' added to adjective to form	
			adverb.	



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Non-Chronological Reports Year 3

Text Structure	Sentence	Useful Vocabulary	Word Classes	Punctuation
Clear introduction.	Simple sentences with extra	The following report	Noun	Introduce possessive
	description.		Form nouns using prefixes.	apostrophes for plural nouns.
Organised into paragraphs		They don't	Nouns and pronouns used to	
shaped around a key topic	Some complex sentences using		avoid repetition.	Introduce inverted commas.
sentence.	when, if, as etc.	It doesn't	·	
			<u>Verbs</u>	
Use of sub-headings.	Tense consistent e.g. modal	Sometimes	Present perfect forms of	
	verbs can/will		verbs instead of 'the'	
		Often Most		
	Adverbials e.g. When the		<u>Adjectives</u>	
	caterpillar makes a cocoon		Choose appropriate adjectives.	
			Connectives/conjunctions	
			Express time and cause (when,	
			so, before, after, while,	
			because)	
			because)	
			Tense	
			Correct and consistent use of	
			past and present tense.	
			Adverbs Introduce/revise	
			adverbs. Express time and	
			cause; then, next, soon	







Non-Chronological Reports Year 4

Text Structure	Sentence	Useful Vocabulary	Word Classes	Punctuation
Clear introduction and	Variation in sentence	This report will	Noun	Apostrophe to mark singular
conclusion.	structures e.g. While the eggs		Nouns and pronouns used for	and plural possession.
	hatch female penguins	The following	clarity and cohesion. Noun	
Links between sentences help			phrases expanded by the	Commas after fronted
to navigate the reader from	Use embedded/relative	Information	addition of modifying	adverbials.
one idea to the next.	clauses e.g. Penguins, which		adjectives, nouns and	
	are very agile,	Usually	prepositional phrases.	Use inverted commas and
Paragraphs organized				other punctuation to indicate
correctly into key ideas.	Include adverbs to show how	Normally	<u>Verbs</u>	direct speech.
	often e.g. additionally,		Standard English forms for	
Sub-headings are used to organize information. E.g.	frequently, rarely.	Even though	verbs.	
Qualities, body parts,	Sentences build from a general	Despite the fact	<u>Adjectives</u>	
behaviour.	idea to more specific.	·	Choose appropriate adjectives	
		As a rule		
	Use technical vocabulary to		Connectives/conjunctions Use	
	show the reader the writer's expertise.		a wide range of connectives.	
	·		<u>Tense</u>	
			Correct use of past and	
			present tense.	
			<u>Adverbs</u>	
			Know what an adverbial phrase	
			is.	
			Fronted adverbials Comma	
			after fronted adverbials.	







Non-Chronological Reports

Year 5

Text Structure	Sentence	Useful Vocabulary	Word Classes	Punctuation
Developed introduction and	Sentence length varied e.g	The purpose of this	Noun	Use a wide range of punctuation
conclusion using all the layout	short/long.	report/article is to	Locate and identify expanded	throughout the writing.
features.	- Silver in resign		noun phrases.	
,	Active and passive voice used	The information presented	'	
Description of the phenomenon	deliberately to heighten	will	Verbs	
is technical and accurate.	engagement. e.g. The eggs		Use modal verbs.	
	were removed from the beach.	Some experts believe	Prefixes for verbs; dis, de,	
Generalized sentences are		·	mis, over, ise, ify.	
used to categorise and sort	Wide range of subordinate	This article is designed to	Convert adjectives in verbs	
information for the reader.	connectives e.g. whilst, until,	_	using suffixes; ate, ise, ify.	
	despite.	Many specialists consider		
Purpose of the report is to			<u>Adjectives</u>	
inform the reader and to		Firstly I will It can be	Choose appropriate adjectives	
describe the way things are.		difficult		
			Connectives/conjunctions	
Formal and technical language		will enable you to	Use a wide range of	
used throughout to engage the		understand.	connectives.	
reader.				
		Unlike Despite	Tense	
			Change tense according to	
		Although Like many	features of the genre.	
			Adverbs	
			Know what an adverbial phrase	
			is.	
			Fronted adverbials	
			Comma after fronted	
			adverbials.	
			Adverbials of time, place and	
			number.	







Non-Chronological Reports

Year 6

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Text Structure	Sentence	Useful Vocabulary	Word Classes	Punctuation
The report is well constructed	Verb forms are controlled and	They are unusually	Noun	Consolidate learning.
and answers the reader's	precise e.g. It would be		Expanded noun phrases to	
questions.	regrettable if the wild life	They are rarely	convey complicated information	Brackets
	funds come to an end.		concisely.	
The writer understands the		They are never		Dashes
impact and thinks about the	Modifiers are used to		<u>Verbs</u>	
response.	intensify or qualify e.g.	They are very	Use modal verbs. Prefixes for	Colons
	insignificant amount,		verbs; dis, de, mis, over, ise,	
Information is prioritised	exceptionally	Generally	ify. Convert adjectives in	Semi colons
according to importance and a			verbs using suffixes; ate, ise,	
frame of response set up for	Sentence length and type	Be careful if you	ify.	
the reply.	varied according to purpose.			
		Frequently they	<u>Adjectives</u>	
	Fronted adverbials use to		Choose appropriate adjectives	
	clarify writers position e.g. As	I will attempt to		
	a consequence of their		Connectives/conjunctions Use	
	actions	This article will frame	a wide range of connectives.	
	Complex noun phrases used to	It can be difficult to	Tense	
	add detail e.g. The fragile eggs		Change tense according	
	are slowly removed from the	Each paragraph	Adverbs	
	large mother hen.		to features of the genre.	
	_	More than half		
	Prepositional phrases used		Link ideas across a text using	
	cleverly. e.g. In the event of a	Less then half	cohesive devices such as	
	fire		adverbials.	